Control Company Air It and Freeze It Products

Version 2.0

Revision Date: 4/27/2017

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Control Company Air It and Freezelt

Part Numbers 91-3117-00, 91-3117-60,

91-3118-00, 91-3118-60

Product Use : Product must be used as specified on label.

Restrictions on use : Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified uses

Supplier : Airosol Company, Inc. 1206 Illinois Street

Neodesha, KS 66757 United States of America

Product Information : 800-633-9576

Transport Emergency : Infotrac North America 800-535-5053

Infotrac International 352-323-3500

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product hazard category

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Label content

Pictogram :



Signal word : Warning

Hazardous warnings : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazardous prevention measures : Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Other hazards

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may lead to death without warning. Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing., Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	811-97-2	100 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms

persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15

Minutes. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Consult a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Treat for frostbite if necessary by gently warming

affected area.

Eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Consult a physician if necessary.

Ingestion : Is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important

acute

: Anesthetic effects Light-headedness irregular heartbeat with a strange symptoms/effects, sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting, and delayed

dizziness or weakness

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective

equipment.

Notes to physician : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs,

such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be

used with special caution.

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SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and

the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : No applicable data available.

Specific hazards : Cylinders are equipped with pressure and temperature relief devices, but may

still rupture under fire conditions. Decomposition may occur. Contact of welding or soldering torch flame with high concentrations of this substance can result in visible changes in the size and color of the torch flame. This flame effect will only occur in concentrations of this substance well above the recommended exposure limit. Therefore, stop all work and ventilate to disperse vapors from the work area before

using any open flames.

This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 deg. C(212 deg. F)

at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become

combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-

relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example, this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak

testing or other purposes.

Experimental data have also been reported which indicate combustibility of this

substance in the presence of certain concentrations of chlorine.

Special protective equipment

firefighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal for protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a

fire. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Further information : Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Water runoff should be contained

and neutralized prior to release.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel) : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places

where heavy vapors might collect.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment.

In accordance with local and national regulations.

Spill Cleanup : Evaporates.

Ventilate area using forced ventilation, especially low or enclosed places where heavy

vapors might collect.

Accidental Release Measures : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.

Avoid open flames and high temperatures.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel) : Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended

limits. For personal protection see section 8.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Handling (Physical Aspects) : The product should not be mixed with air for leak testing or used with air for any other

purpose above atmospheric pressure. Contact with chlorine or other strong oxidizing

agents should also be avoided.

Dust explosion class : Not applicable

Storage : Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless

container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flowinto the cylinder. Cylinders should be stored upright and

firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.

Separate full containers from empty containers. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where salt or other corrosive

materials are present.

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

Storage period : > 10 yr

Storage temperature : < 52 °C (< 126 °F)

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls : Normal ventilation for standard manufacturing procedures is generally

adequate. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released.

Mechanical ventilation should be used in low or enclosed places. Concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapor concentrations in work areas prior to use of torches or other open flames, or if employees are entering enclosed areas.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-contained

breathing apparatus. Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Hand protection : Additional protection: Wear approved gloves that are suitable for the task and

have been shown to be impervious for the duration of their use.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Additionally wear a face shield where

the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne contact

with this material.

Protective measures : When using do not smoke. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is

required if a large release occurs.

Exposure Guidelines Exposure Limit Values

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

AEL * (DUPONT) 1,000 ppm 8 & 12 hr. TWA

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state : gaseous

Form : Liquefied gas

Color : colorless

Odor : slight, ether-like

Odor threshold : No applicable data available

^{*} AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.

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pH : No applicable data available.

Melting point/range : No applicable data available.

Boiling point/boiling range : Boiling point/boiling range

-26.1 °C (-15.0 °F) at 1,013 hPa

Flash point : does not flash

Evaporation rate : > 1

(CCL4=1.0

)

Flammability (solid, gas)

No applicable data available.

Upper explosion limit

Method: None per ASTM E681

Lower explosion limit

Method: None per ASTM E681

Vapor pressure

6,661 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F)

Vapor density

3.6 at 25 °C (77 °F)

(Air = 1.0)

Density

1.21 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)

(as liquid)

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

1.208 at 25 °C (77 °F)

Water solubility

1.5 g/l at 25 °C (77 °F) at 1,013 hPa

Solubility(ies)

No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No applicable data available.

Auto-ignition temperature

No applicable data available.

Ignition temperature

>743 °C 1,013 hPa

Decomposition temperature

No applicable data available.

Viscosity, kinematic

No applicable data available.

Viscosity, dynamic

No applicable data available.

% Volatile

: 100 %

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Decomposes on heating.

Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid The product is not flammable in air under ambient conditions of temperature

and pressure. When pressurized with air or oxygen, the mixture may become flammable. Certain mixtures of HCFCs or HFCs with chlorine may become flammable

or reactive under certain conditions.

Incompatible materials Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals, Powdered metals, Powdered metal salts

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products are hazardous., This material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming

hydrofluoric acid and possibly carbonyl fluoride.. These materials are toxic and irritating..

Avoid contact with decomposition products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 > 567000 ppm, Rat

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect Concentration

40000 ppm, Dog Cardiac sensitization

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

80000 ppm, Dog

Cardiac sensitization

Concentration (LOAEC)

Skin irritation No skin irritation, Rabbit

Eye irritation No eye irritation, Rabbit

Skin sensitization Does not cause skin sensitization., Guinea pig

Does not cause respiratory sensitization., Rat

Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation

> Rat gas

NOAEL: 50000,

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not

carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not showmutagenic

effects.

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Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction.

No effects on or via lactation.

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity: Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitization threshold limit : 334000 mg/m3

Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic Toxicity

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)

96 h LC50 : Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 450 mg/l

96 h ErC50 : Algae 142 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

72 h NOEC : Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 13.2 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 980 mg/l

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods: Can be used after re-conditioning. Recover by distillation or remove to a Product

permitted waste disposal facility. Comply with applicable Federal, State/Provincial and

Local Regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.

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IATA C

IMDG

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN number : 3159

Proper shipping name : 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Class : 2.2

Labelling No. : 2.2 UN number : 3159

Proper shipping name : 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2 UN number : 3159

Proper shipping name : 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory.

SARA 313 Regulated Chemical(s): This material does not contain any chemical components with known

CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting

levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

California Prop. 65: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.